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## Avogadro's Constant Problem Set



1. A small pin contains 0.0178 mol of iron. How many atoms of iron are in the pin?
2. A sample contains 0.02 mol of gold. How many atoms of gold are in the sample?
3. A sample of $\mathrm{Al}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ contains $7.71 \times 10^{24}$ formula units. How many moles of aluminum oxide are there?
4. How many formula units are contained in 0.21 mol of magnesium nitrate?
5. A vat of cleaning solution contains $8.03 \times 10^{26}$ molecules of ammonia $\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)$. How many moles of ammonia are in the vat?
6. A litre of water contains 55.6 mol of water. How many molecules of water are in the sample?
7. A typical bottle of nail polish remover contains 2.5 mol of ethyl acetate $\left(\mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{2}\right)$.
a. How many molecules of ethyl acetate are in the bottle?
b. How many atoms are in the bottle?
c. How many carbon atoms are in the bottle?
8. Consider a 0.829 mol sample of sodium sulfate $\left(\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}\right)$.
a. How many formula units are in the sample?
b. How many sodium ions are in the sample?
9. A sample of cyanic acid HCN, contains $1.11 \times 10^{22}$ molecules. How many moles of cyanic acid are in the sample?
10. CHALLENGE QUESTION: A sample of pure acetic acid, $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COOH}$, contains $1.40 \times 10^{23}$ carbon atoms.
a. How many molecules of acetic acid are there? Hint: think about how many carbon atoms are in each molecule.
b. How many moles of acetic acid are there?

## ANSWERS:

1. $1.07 \times 10^{22}$ atoms
2. $1 \times 10^{22}$ atoms
3. $12.8 \mathrm{~mol} \quad 4.1 .3 \times 10^{23}$ formula units $5.1 .33 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~mol}$
4. $3.35 \times 10^{25}$ molecules
5. a) $1.5 \times 10^{24}$ molecules
b) $2.1 \times 10^{25}$ atoms
C) $6.0 \times 10^{24} \mathrm{C}$ atoms
8.a) $4.99 \times 10^{23}$ formula units
b) $9.98 \times 10^{23} \mathrm{Na}^{+}$ions
6. 0.0184 mol
10.a) $\mathrm{N}=7.00 \times 10^{22}$ molecules
b) 0.116 mol
